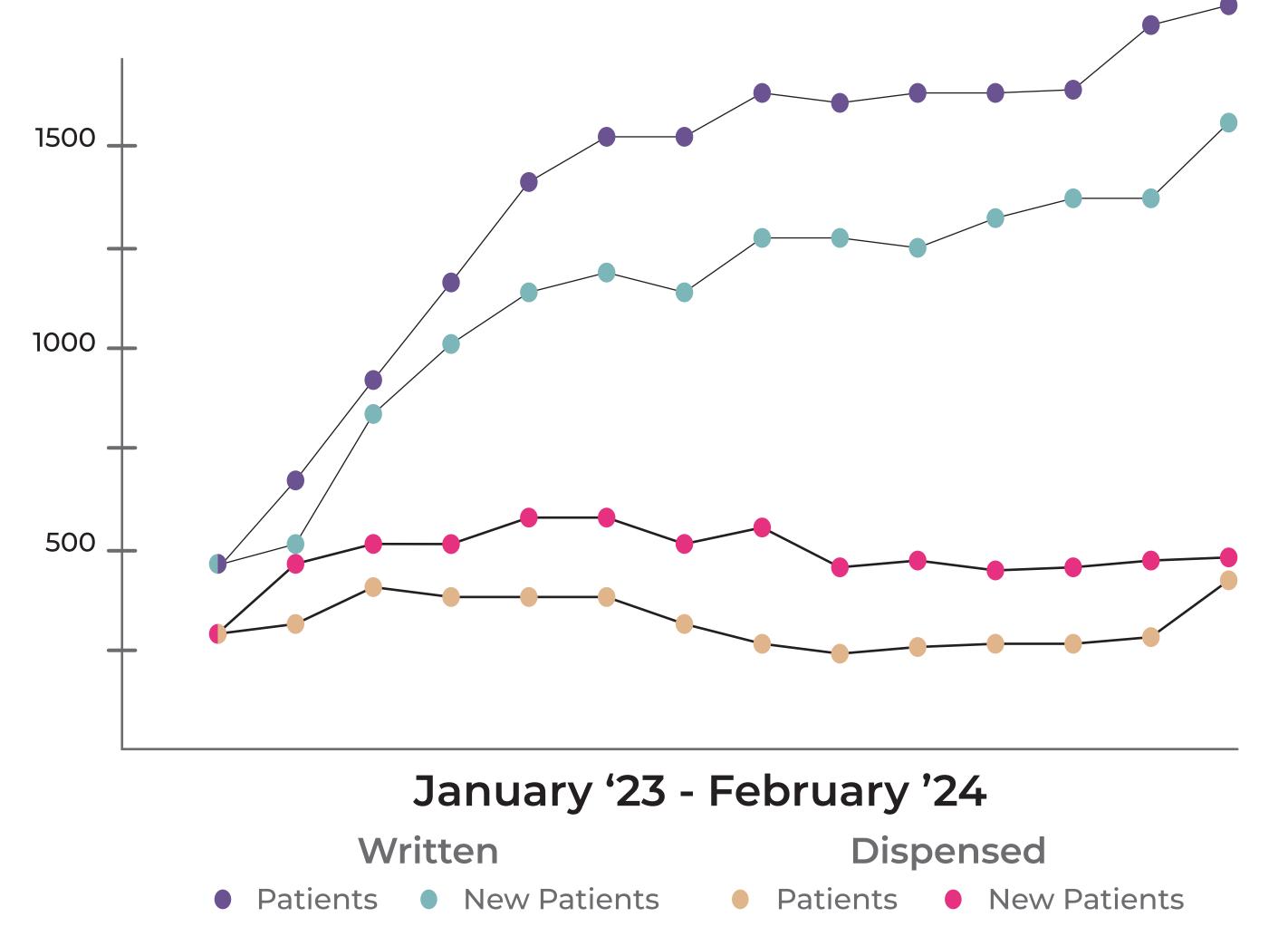
Introduction

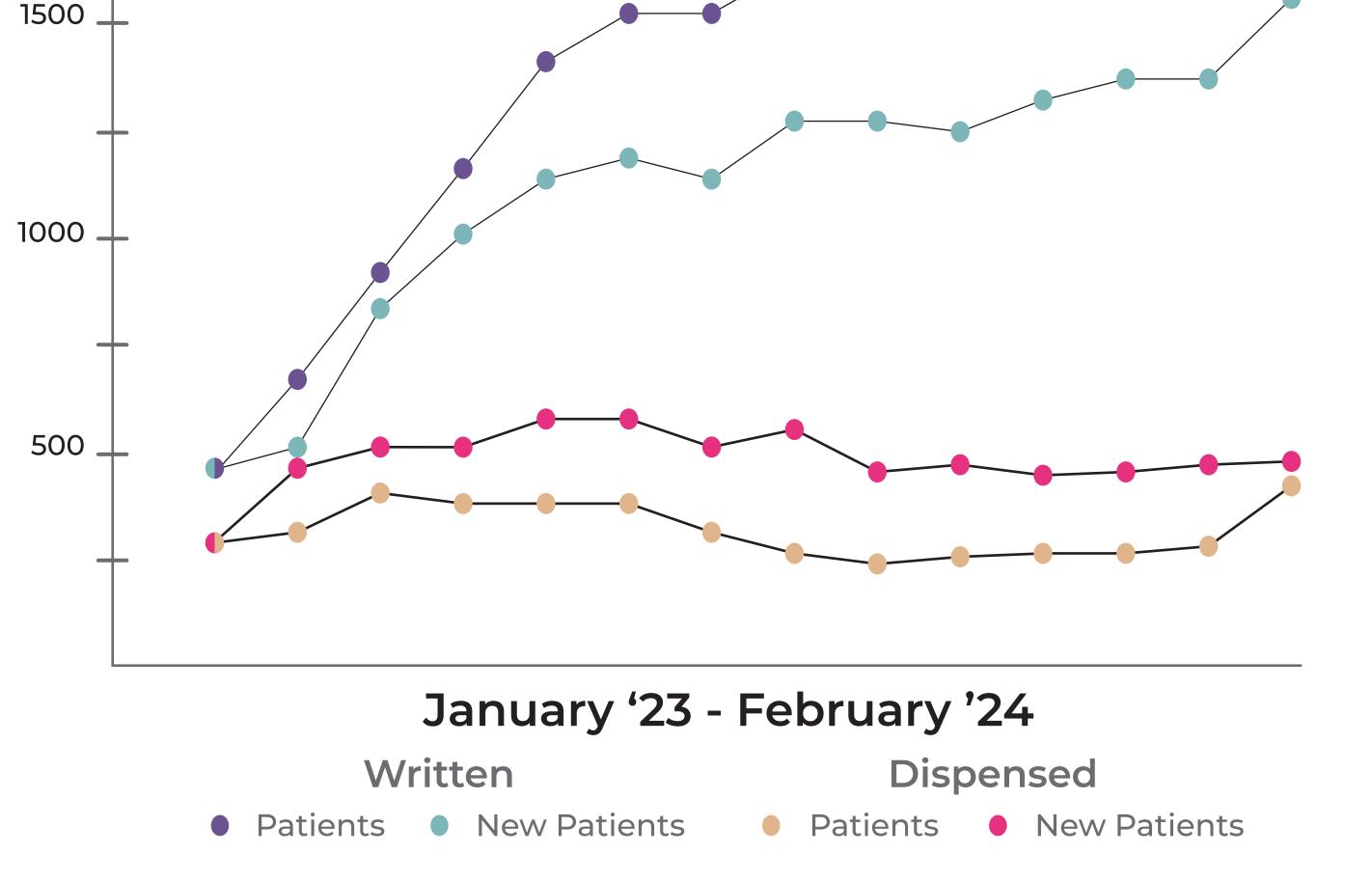
Semaglutide injections treat obesity in adults

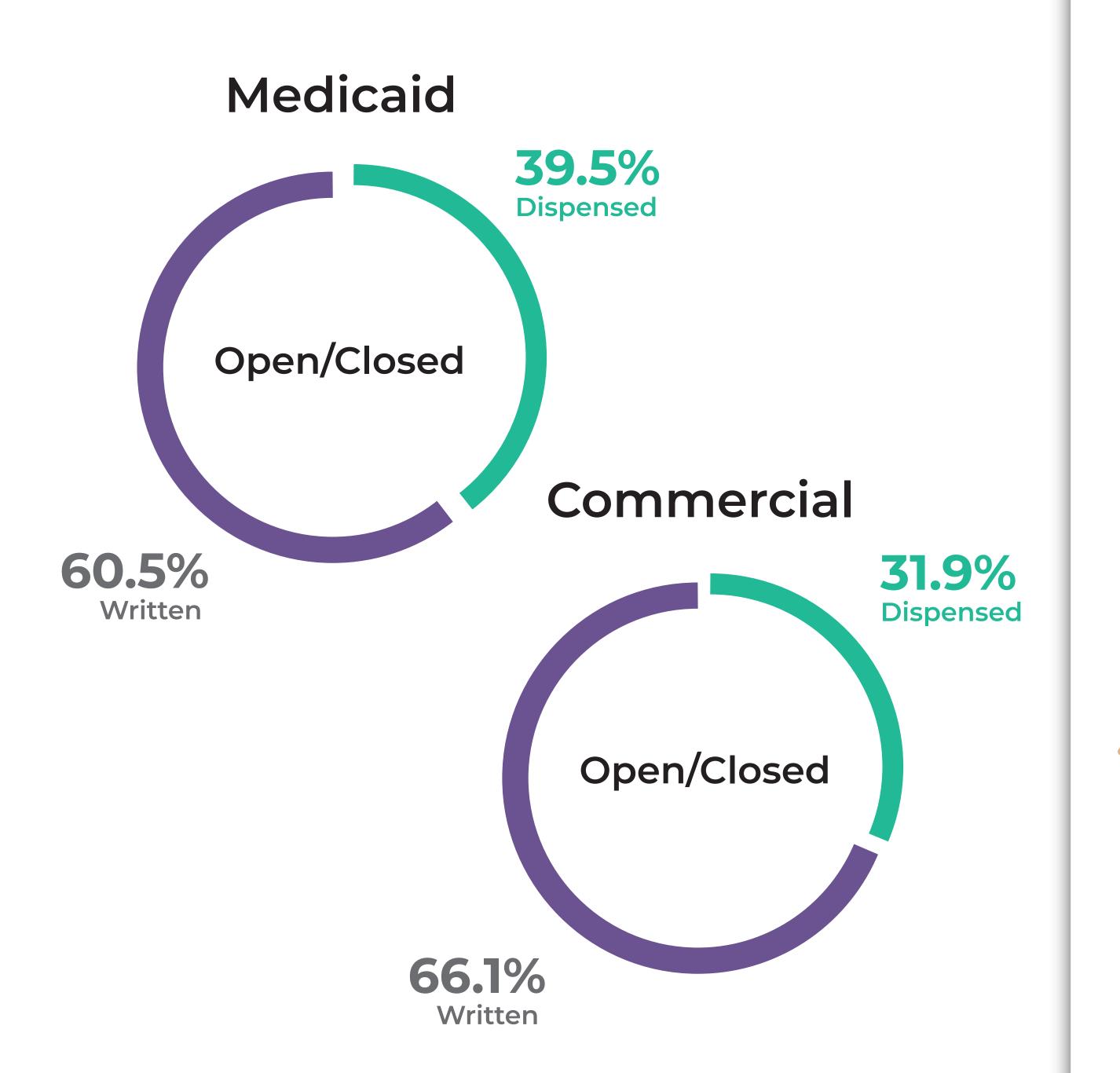
December 2022, FDA approved adolescents BMI at or above the 95th percentile for age and sex¹

Under HIPAA guidelines, demographics for individuals under the age of 18 cannot be disclosed

PurpleLab® identified a way to impute SDOH information









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Imputing SDOH Information on Pharmacy Claims

Russell D. Robbins, MD, MBA Chief Medical Information Officer

Douglas Londono, PHD VP, Advanced Analytics

Grace Kane Statistical Data Analyst

Next Steps & Conclusions

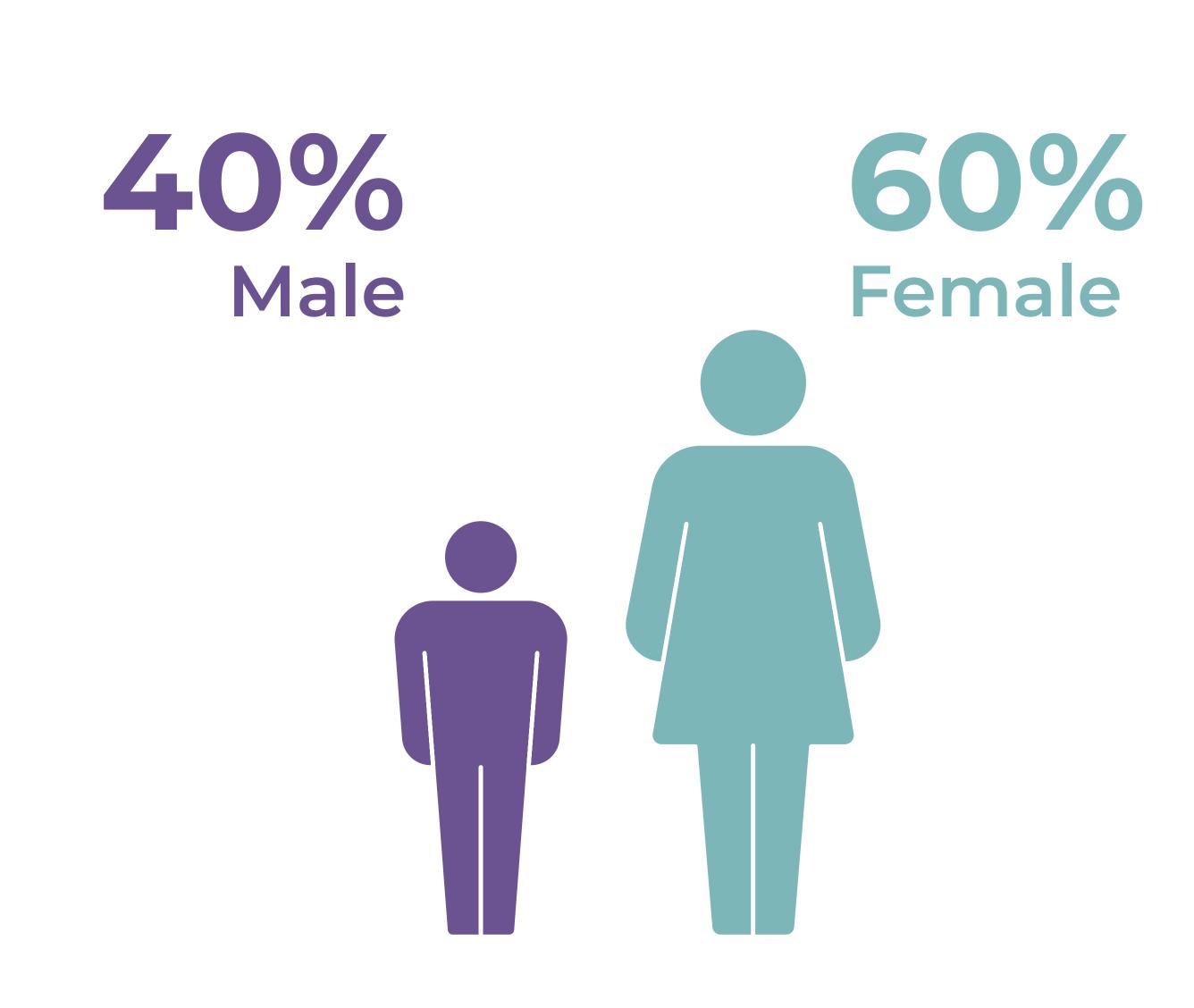
Income data are not available for the adolescent population

Infer lower income in the Medicaid population

Monitor the use of weight loss drugs in the adolescent populations

Need to follow cohort as they change health plans

Lower income is not a barrier to receiving the medication when clinically indicated



Methodology

PurpleLab's HealthNexus™ platform analyzed semaglutide prescriptions written & dispensed monthly from September 2022 to March 2024

Open and combined open/closed claims were used in the analysis

	Written	Dispensed
Open Claims		
Commercial	6482	2910
Medicaid	3558	1828
Other	1430	730
Totals	11470	5481
Open & Closed		
Commercial	6802	3203
Medicaid	5706	3723
Other	1773	991
Totals	14281	7917

Findings

Due to HIPAA regulations, SDOH information can not be released on children under the age of 18

Children covered by parents in commercial plans

Children direct and indirect under Medicaid

Open claims show majority in commercial group

Medicaid is a closed claims system

Open & Closed shows more equal dispensing rates